# EXPLANATORY DATA NEEDLES SHEET

## GEOLOGIC MAP OF CALIFORNIA

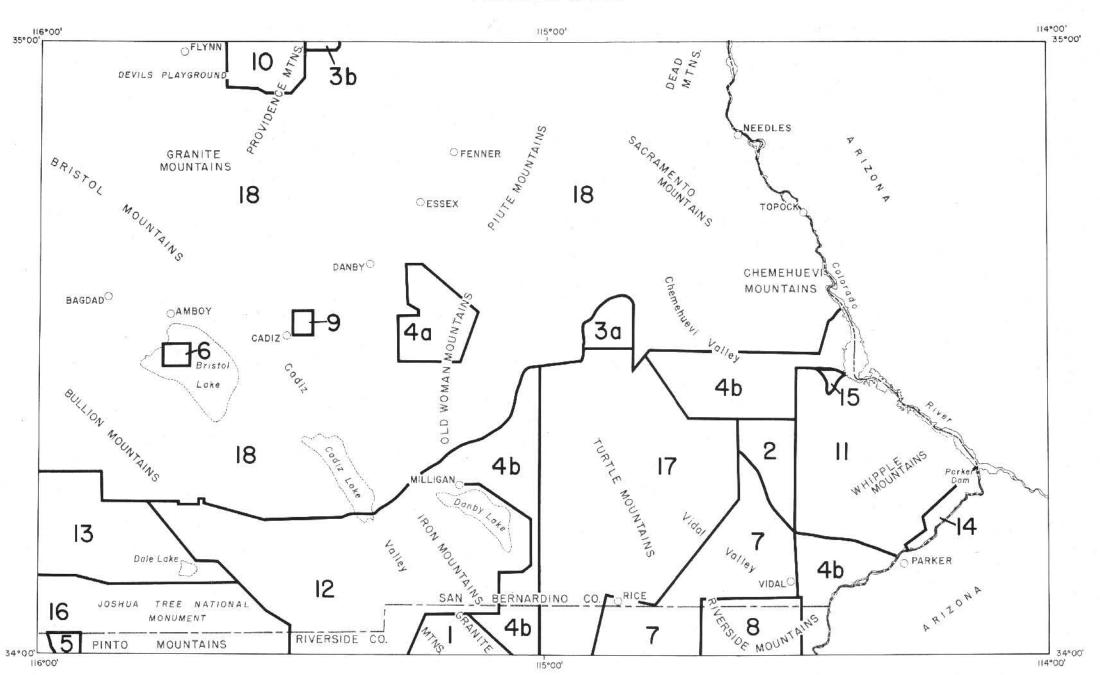
OLAF P. JENKINS EDITION

Compiled by Charles C. Bishop, 1963

Second printing, 1973

## INDEX TO GEOLOGIC MAPPING

## USED IN THE COMPILATION OF THE NEEDLES SHEET



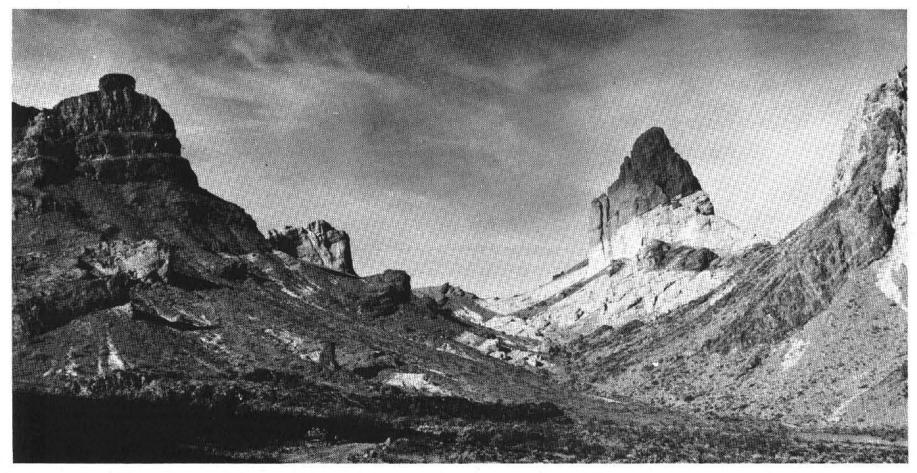
- Anonymous, Reconnaissance geology of the Granite Mountains area, scale 1:62,500, unpublished, 1958.
- 2. Anonymous, Reconnaissance geology of the Whipple Mountains area, scale 1:62,500, unpublished, 1961-62.
- 3a. Bishop, Charles C., Photogeologic interpretation of part of the Stepladder Mountains quadrangle, California, scale 1:62,500, California Div. Mines and Geology reconnaissance mapping for the State Geologic Map, 1963.
- 3b. Bishop, Charles C., Photogeologic interpretation of the northern part of the Colton Well quadrangle, California, scale 1:62,500, California Div. Mines and Geology reconnaissance mapping for the State Geologic Map, 1963.
- 4a. Bishop, Charles C. and Jennings, Charles W., Reconnaissance geologic map and photogeologic interpretation of parts of the Milligan, Essex, Cadiz Lake and Danby quadrangles, California, scale 1:62,500, California Div. Mines and Geology reconnaissance mapping for the State Geologic Map, 1963.
- 4b. Bishop, Charles C. and Jennings, Charles W., Reconnaissance geologic map and photogeologic interpretation of alluvial and adjacent bedrock areas, scale 1:62,500, California Div. Mines and Geology reconnaissance mapping for the State Geologic Map, 1963.
- Evans, James R., Xenotime mineralization in the southern Music Valley area, Riverside County, California: California Div. Mines and Geology Special Rept. 79, 24 pp., in press, 1963, Map I: Geologic map of the southern Music Valley, scale 4 inches = 1 mile.
- Gale, H. S., 1951, Geology of the saline deposits of Bristol Dry Lake, San Bernardino County, California: California Div. Mines and Geology, Special Rept. 13, 21 pp., pl. 1, scale 1:62,500.
- 7. Giessner, F. W., Map of the Rice and Vidal Valley areas, California (showing reconnaissance geology and

- location of wells and springs) scale 1:62,500, U. S. Geol. Survey, Ground Water Branch, work in progress, 1962; to be published by Calif. Dept. Water Resources in Bull. 91-8, 1963.
- Hamilton, Warren B., Geologic map of the Riverside and West Riverside Mountains, scale 1:24,000, U. S. Geol. Survey work in progress, 1963.
- Hazzard, John C., 1933, Notes on the Cambrian rocks of the eastern Mojave Desert, California: California Univ. Dept. Geol. Sci. Bull., v. 23, no. 2, Map 1, scale 1:187,500.
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- Lanphere, M. A., Geochronologic studies in the Death Valley-Mojave Desert region, California, Pl. 8; Geologic map of part of the Marble Mountains, scale 1:24,000, Calif. Inst. of Tech., unpublished Ph.D. thesis, 1962.

  Lanphere, M. A., Geochronologic studies in the eastern Mojave Desert, California: Jour. Geol., in press, 1964.
- Hazzard, John C., 1954, Rocks and structure of the northern Providence Mountains, San Bernardino County, California, in California Div. Mines and Geology, Bull. 170, Geology of Southern California, Chpt. IV, contr. 4, Pl. 2, 2014, 1131-1680.
- Kemnitzer, Luis E., Structural studies in the Whipple Mountains, southeastern California, scale 1:62,500, Calif. Inst. of Tech., unpublished Ph.D. thesis, 1937.
- Kupfer, Donald H. and Bassett, Allen M., 1962, Geologic reconnaissance map of part of the southeastern Mojave Desert, California: U. S. Geol. Survey Mineral Investigations, Field Studies Map MF-205, scale 1:125,000.
- 13. Moyle, W. R., Jr., 1961, Data on water wells in the Dale Valley area, San Bernardino and Riverside Counties: California Dept. Water Resources, Bull. 91-5, 55 pp., fig. 2, scale 1:62,500, prepared by U. S. Geol. Survey, Ground Water Branch.

- Noble, J. A., Reconnaissance geologic map and photogeologic interpretation of a part of the Whipple Mountains along the Colorado River, scale 1 in. = 880 feet and 1 in. = 1080 feet, unpublished 1963.
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- 16. Rogers, Thomas H. and Jennings, Charles W., Reconnaissance geologic map and photogeologic interpretation of the southern part of the Valley Mountain and Dale Lake quadrangles, California, scale 1:62,500, California Div. Mines and Geology reconnaissance mapping for the State Geologic Map, 1964. (In part after anonymous mining company reconnaissance geologic map of the Pinto-Sheephole Mountains area, scale 1:62,500, unpublished, 1957).
- 17. Saul, Richard B., Reconnaissance geology and photogeologic interpretation of the Turtle Mountain quadrangle and parts of the Vidal, Savahia Park, and Rice quadrangles, California, scale 1:62,500, California Div. Mines and Geology reconnaissance mapping for the State Geologic Map, 1963.
- 18. Southern Pacific Company, Land Dept., Regional geologic mapping program, geologic maps of all or parts of T3-11N, R9-18E; T2N, R11-16E; T5-11N, R19-24E SBBM by R. Anctil; H. F. Bonham, Jr.; J. T. Collier; J. W. Cooksley; W. L. Coonrad; A. B. Cunningham; E. A. Danchy; James Gamble; R. T. Laird; Max Schafer; W. H. Spurck; M. S. Tischler, scale 1:24,000, unpublished, 1958-1960. Field checked and modified in part by California Div. Mines and Geology, 1963.

For a complete list of published geologic maps of this area see Division of Mines and Geology Special Reports 52 and 52-A.



View west from Coffin Spring in the northern part of the Turtle Mountains showing typical exposures of Tertiary volcanic rocks. Light colored pyroclastic material is interbedded with darker andesitic flow rocks. Photo by Richard B. Saul, 1963

#### STRATIGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE—NEEDLES SHEET STATE STATE MAP UNIT STRATIGRAPHIC UNITS AND CHARACTERISTIC LITHOLOGIES AGE MAP State Map Units listed here are not necessarily in stratigraphic (The formally named formations grouped within an individual State Map Unit sequence; the sequence used has been standardized SYMBOL are listed in stratigraphic sequence from youngest to oldest.) for all sheets of the Geologic Map of California RECENT DUNE SAND Wind blown sand, including dune sand. Qs QUATERNARY CINDER CONES Recent and Pleistocene (?) cinder cones in the Amboy area. RECENT VOLCANIC ROCKS: Qrvb BASALTIC Recent basaltic flows from Amboy Crater. Valley and stream fill, fan deposits; may be locally overlain by thin veneer of eolian sand. RECENT ALLUVIUM Qal QUATERNARY SALT DEPOSITS Salt crystal bodies at or near the surface in Bristol and Danby Lakes. Qst QUATERNARY LAKE DEPOSITS Playa deposits. Lake beds bordering the Colorado River north of the Whipple Mountains, referred to as the Chemehuevi Formation (C. R. QUATERNAR Longwell personal communication 11/9/63); may be Pliocene in part. QI Older alluvium, local terrace deposits, dissected fans. Alluvial material bordering the Colorado River dissected by present drainage. "Qc-Qal" PLEISTOCENE NONMARINE SEDIMENTARY indicates undifferentiated older and younger alluvium. Qc0 = older fan deposits in the Pinto Mountains. DEPOSITS Qc PLEISTOCENE VOLCANIC ROCKS: Qpvb BASALTIC Basaltic flows and minor amounts of related andesitic and pyroclastic rocks. Qpvp PYROCLASTIC Pyroclastic rocks. PLIOCENE-PLEISTOCENE NONMARINE Silt, sand, gravel and conglomerate (conglomerate commonly of volcanic composition). May be weakly indurated and tilted or deformed. Includes lake beds in Vidal Valley of probable Pliocene or early Pleistocene age. SEDIMENTARY DEPOSITS Pliocer QP MIOCENE VOLCANIC ROCKS: UNDIFFERENTIATED Undifferentiated volcanic flows, flow breccia, agglomerates, tuffs and tuff breccias of variable composition. Probably Miocene or Mio-Pliocene M۷ Mva ANDESITIC Andesite flows and flow breccia with small amounts of rhyolite. Locally may be intrusive. Probable Miocene or Mio-Pliocene age. Myb Basalt and basaltic andesite flows and flow breecia, including minor pyroclastic deposits and minor intrusive rocks. Probable Miocene or BASALTIC Mio-Pliocene age. MvP PYROCLASTIC Tuff, tuff breccia, welded tuff, and minor perlite, perlitic rhyolite and conglomerate. Includes a small body of fresh water limestone in the Lava Hills. Probable Miocene or Mio-Pliocene age. TERTIARY NONMARINE SEDIMENTARY Continental clastic deposits, minor fresh water limestone, and siliceous dolomitic limestone in the Sacramento Mountains. Monolithologic breccias of possible tectonic origin in the Sacramento-Chemehuevi Mountains area. Tertiary continental clastic rocks with interbedded ROCKS pyroclastic and volcanic flow rocks in the eastern Whipple Mountains. Elsewhere undifferentiated conglomerate and sandstone, with minor Tc amounts of siltstone and tuffaceous deposits. Southern Pacific Company mapping indicates these rocks and the related volcanics in the Piute, Dead, Sacramento and Chemehuevi Mountains are thrust over the underlying basement rocks. TERTIARY INTRUSIVE (HYPABYSSAL) ROCKS: RHYOLITIC Tir Rhyolite, rhyodacite, and dacite intrusive rocks. Fountain Peak Rhyolite-biotite rhyolite forming the intrusive mass at Fountain Peak (Providence Mountains). Perlite in the Bristol Mountains. Rhyolitic intrusive plugs in the Turtle Mountains. Tia ANDESITIC Andesite, basaltic andesite and latite intrusive rocks. Undivided TERTIARY VOLCANIC ROCKS: UNDIFFERENTIATED Tv Volcanic rocks (including flows, and pyroclastic rocks) of varied composition ranging from Oligocene to Mio-Pliocene age. Includes thin undifferentiated continental beds. ANDESITIC Tya Andesite flows and flow breccia. Tvb BASALTIC Basalt and andesitic basalt flows with minor related pyroclastic rocks. TVP PYROCLASTIC Pyroclastic deposits of rhyolite, rhyodacite and dacite composition. Tuff and welded tuff (in part water laid); includes minor related flow MESOZOIC GRANITIC ROCKS: gr UNDIFFERENTIATED Granitic rocks ranging in composition from true granite to diorite, of known or probable Mesozoic age.2 Includes dikes and other small intrusions of varied composition too small to delineate. Also includes pediment areas gra ADAMELLITE (QUARTZ MONZONITE) Quartz monzonite and some quartz monzonite porphyry in the Pinto Mountains. (Possible Precambrian re W. J. Miller, 1938, Bull. Geol. Soc. Amer., pp. 417-446). grt Quartz diorite and diorite in the Pinto Mountains, (Possible Precambrian re W. J. Miller, 1938) TONALITE (QUARTZ DIORITE) MESOZOIC BASIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS Hornblende and biotite gabbro in the Bullion Mountains. Hornblende gabbro in the Gold Park area of the Pinto Mountains. (Possible Precambrian re W. J. Miller, 1938, Bull. Geol. Soc. Amer., bi pp. 417-446).

Flow breccia, dacite and tuff (in part epidotized), possibly including some plutonic rocks in the northern Bristol Mountains. Flows and flow breccia (locally amygdaloidal and possibly locally intruded by Mesozoic plutonic rocks) in Hidden Hill area. Age of these rocks

Moenkopi Formation-limestone, in part nodular; shale; brown sandstone; and limestone pebble conglomerate (Providence Mountains).

JURASSIC AND/OR TRIASSIC METAVOLCANIC

TRIASSIC MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND

METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS

ROCKS

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TRIASSIC

## STRATIGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE—Continued

A	GE	STATE MAP SYMBOL	STATE MAP UNIT  State Map Units listed here are not necessarily in stratigraphic sequence; the sequence used has been standardized for all sheets of the Geologic Map of California	STRATIGRAPHIC UNITS AND CHARACTERISTIC LITHOLOGIES  (The formally named formations grouped within an individual State Map Unit are listed in stratigraphic sequence from youngest to oldest.)
			PRE-CRETACEOUS METAMORPHIC ROCKS;	
			UNDIFFERENTIATED	Metasedimentary to meta-igneous rock complex including hornfels, granophyre, phyllite, metadiorite, gneiss, and quartzite, with some Mesozoic intrusive rocks. Greenschist, greenstone, metamorphosed clastic sediments and subordinate metacarbonate rocks (Riverside Moun-
MESOZOIC		ls	ls = LIMESTONE AND/OR DOLOMITE	Metacarbonate rocks of the Bristol Mountains, locally include tactite, aplite, and other intrusive rocks. Dolomite marble and tactite in the Pinto Mountains.
		,	PRE-CRETACEOUS METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	White, buff, and gray quartzite in the Pinto Mountains.
		ms		
<u>\$</u> 		mv	PRE-CRETACEOUS METAVOLCANIC ROCKS	Undifferentiated metavolcanic rocks in Valley Mountain northeast of Twentynine Palms.
İ			PRE-CENOZOIC GRANITIC AND METAMORPHIC ROCKS	Migmatites of Precambrian complex rocks and Mesozoic plutonic rocks (Calumet Mountains, Fenner Hills, and Piute Mountains). Undifferentiated plutonic and metamorphic rocks.
		gr-m	METAMORPHIC ROCKS	
1000	}	IP	PALEOZCIC MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	Metasedimentary rocks of probable Paleozoic age, including metadolomite, white marble, varicolored marble and quartzite (Riverside Mountains and Arica Mountains).
UNDIVIDED		IP Is	$\mathtt{ls} = \mathtt{LIMESTONE}$	Marble, locally cherty and fossiliferous (crinoid stems and brachipods) in the Marble Mountains.
PERMIAN	{	R	PERMIAN MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	Bird Spring Formation—fossiliferous limestone with minor amounts of calcareous shale and chert (Providence Mountains); lower part composed of rocks of Pennsylvanian age; however, in Providence Mountains, Bird Spring Formation is largely composed of the upper unit of Permian age. Limestone with minor calcareous shale (Ship Mountains).
	}		PENNSYLVANIAN MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	Limestone and minor black chert (northwestern part of the Ship Mountains).
FROUS		CP	AND METABEDIMENTANT MOORES	
CARBONIFEROUS		СМ	MISSISSIPPIAN MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	Monte Cristo Limestone—includes: Yellow Pine, Anchor, Bullion, and Dawn Limestone members and a basal sandstone member (Providence Mountains).
DEVONIAN		D	DEVONIAN MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	Sultan Limestone—limestone and dolomite with local thin sandstone beds (Providence and southern Marble Mountains).
CAMBRIAN		€	CAMBRIAN MARINE SEDIMENTARY AND METASEDIMENTARY ROCKS	Cambrian sedimentary section in the Providence and southern Marble Mountains including: Upper Cambrian "Cornfield Springs" Formation—dolomite and shale; Middle Cambrian Bonanza King Formation—dolomite and partially dolomitized limestone, locally cherty and sandy; Cadiz Formation—muddy limestone, shale and quartzite; Lower Cambrian Chambless Limestone—limestone with algal nodules; Latham Shale—platy shale with thin sandy limestone layers. Also includes small outcrop area of Prospect Mountain Quartzite of probable Cambrian age.
	`		UNDIVIDED PRECAMBRIAN METAMORPHIC ROCKS:	
		р€	UNDIFFERENTIATED	Essex Series (in part) <sup>3</sup> —quartzite, marble, dolomite, and interbedded schists. p€ls = marble in the Old Woman Mountains.
ř		p€s	SCHIST	Chlorite schists of the Essex Series 3 (Old Woman Mountains).
		þ€g	GNEISS	Augen gneiss, granite to dioritic gneiss <sup>3</sup> , Fenner Gneiss <sup>3</sup> , Kilbeck Gneiss <sup>3</sup> , Essex Series <sup>3</sup> , and Pinto Gneiss <sup>3</sup> ; includes meta-igneous intrusive rocks.
PRECAMBRIAN		p€gr	UNDIVIDED PRECAMBRIAN GRANITIC ROCKS	Plutonic igneous rocks 4 varying in composition from granite to diorite and gabbro. 3 Generally slightly to highly foliated or gneissic.
		p€c	PRECAMBRIAN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK COMPLEX	Intimate mixture of Precambrian plutonic rocks (diorites to granites) and Precambrian metamorphic rocks, including migmatites. <sup>3</sup>
		ep€	EARLIER PRECAMBRIAN METAMORPHIC ROCKS	Augen gneiss (western Providence Mountains and southern Homer Mountains).

### **NOTES**

- 1. Fossil vertebrates found in the Sacramento Mountains are of a fairly primitive species of Merychippus and are probably middle Miocene according to John F. Lance, personal communication 12/18/1963.
- 2. Radiometric dates of granite rocks from the following areas indicate:

  Marble Mountains (central part)

  D1 200 / T1238 T. T. Cilinga areas

165 million years (minimum), Pb<sup>208</sup>/U<sup>208</sup>, L. T. Silver, personal communication, 2/5/1964.

150 million years (minimum), Pb 208/U 288, L. T. Silver, personal communication, 2/5/1964.

Piute Mountains

70.3 million years (± 3.0 m.y.), K/A, Geochron Laboratories, for Calif. Div. Mines and Geology, Sept. 1963. West Riverside Mountains

98.5 million years (± 4.0 m.y.), K/A, Geochron Laboratories, for Calif. Div. Mines and Geology, Sept. 1963. 163 million years (± 7 m.y.), K/A, Geochron Laboratories, for Calif. Div. Mines and Geology, Oct. 1963.

3. The age of some of these rocks is uncertain and actually may be younger than Precambrian.

4. Radiometric dates of granitic rocks from the following area indicate:

Marble Mountains (southern part) 1450 million years (± 20 m.y.), Pb 208/U 228, Silver, L. T. and McKinney, C. R., 1963, U/Pb isotopic age studies of a Precambrian granite, Marble Mountains: Geol. Soc. Amer. Spec. Papers, No. 73

(1962 meetings), p. 65 (abstract).

1250 million years (± 20 m.y.), K/A, and 1300 million years (± 30 m.y.) Rb-Sr, Lanphere, M. A., 1964, Geochronologic studies in the eastern Mojave Desert, California: Jour. Geol., in press.

1190 million years (± 20 m.y.), K/A, and 1215 million years (± 30 m.y.), Rb-Sr., Lanphere, M. A., 1964, Geochronologic studies in the eastern Mojave Desert, California: Jour. Geol., in press.

1150 million years (± 30 m.y.), K/A, and 1410 million years (± 30 m.y.), Rb-Sr., Lanphere, M. A., 1964, Geochronologic studies in the eastern Mojave Desert, California: Jour. Geol., in press.

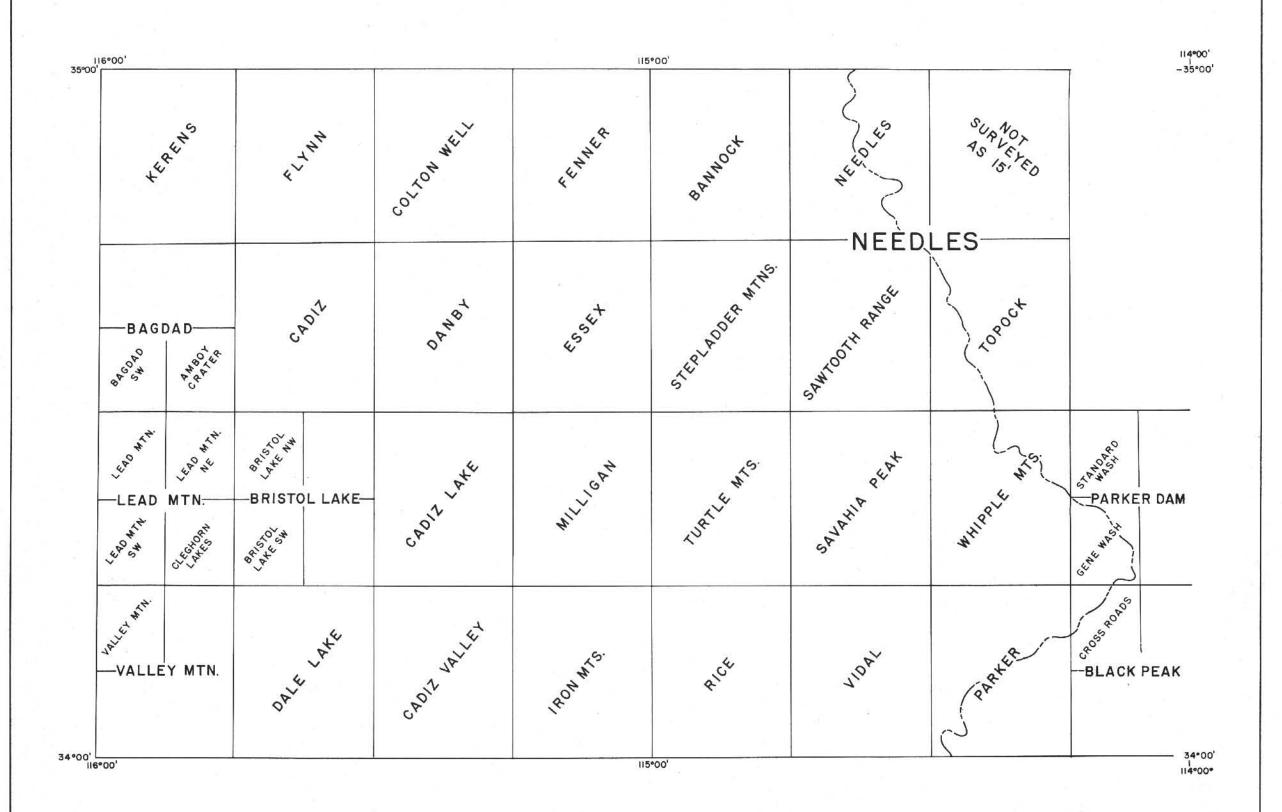
## TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANGLES

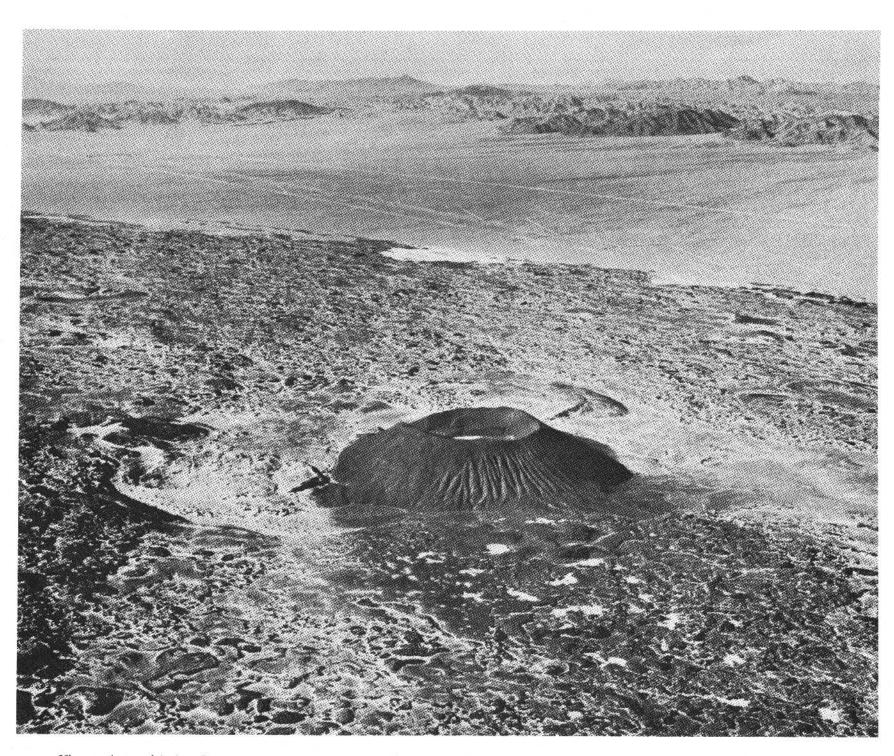
WITHIN THE NEEDLES SHEET

AVAILABLE FROM THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

FEDERAL CENTER, DENVER, COLORADO 80225

1963





View northwest of Amboy Crater, a very recent cone composed of volcanic ejecta, surrounded by dark basaltic flow rocks. A thin vencer of wind blown sand gives the basalt a light appearance; thicker sand deposits are white. The Bristol Mountains, composed of dark Precambrian complex rocks and lighter granitic rocks are seen in the upper right, with the Granite Mountains on the skyline behind. The Lava Hills, in the upper left, are composed of Tertiary volcanic rocks underlain by Mesozoic granitic rocks and pre-Cenozoic granitic and metamorphic rocks. Photo by R. C. Frampton and J. S. Shelton, Claremont, California.